

FireFox Gold Corp.

Management Discussion and Analysis
For the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2020
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Management Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2020

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

INTRODUCTION

The Management Discussion & Analysis has been prepared by management and reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors on November 30, 2020. The following discussion of performance, financial condition and future prospects should be read in conjunction with the unaudited quarterly condensed financial statements and the related notes thereto for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, and the audited annual financial statements and the related notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2019. The information provided herein supplements but does not form part of the financial statements. This discussion covers the period ended September 30, 2020 and the subsequent period up to November 30, 2020, the date of issue of this MD&A. Monetary amounts in the following discussion are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Additional information regarding the Company can be found on the Company's page at www.sedar.com.

The technical information presented herein has been reviewed by Dr. Petri Peltonen Ph.D., Chartered Professional of Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM), European Geologist (EurGeol), a consultant to the Company, and a qualified person as defined by National Instrument 43-101.

This MD&A contains Forward Looking Information. Please read the Cautionary Statements on page 3 carefully.

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements or forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. All statements and information, other than statements of historical fact, included in or incorporated by reference into this MD&A are forward-looking statements and forward-looking information, including, without limitation, statements regarding activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate may occur in the future. Such forward-looking statements and information can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "will", "expect", "intend", "plan", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe" or "continue" or similar words and expressions or the negative thereof. There can be no assurance that the plans, intentions or expectations upon which such forward-looking statements and information are based will occur or, even if they do occur, will result in the performance, events or results expected.

The forward-looking statements and forward-looking information reflect the current beliefs of the Company and are based on currently available information. Accordingly, these statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. This forward-looking information includes estimates, forecasts, plans, priorities, strategies and statements as to the Company's current expectations and assumptions concerning, among other things, ability to access sufficient funds to carry on operations, compliance with current or future regulatory regimes, particularly in the case of ambiguities, financial and operational performance and prospects, collection of receivables, anticipated conclusions of negotiations to acquire projects or investments, our ability to attract and retain skilled staff and consultants, expectations of market prices and costs, expansion plans and objectives, requirements for additional capital, the availability of financing, and the future development and costs and outcomes of the Company's projects or investments. The foregoing list of assumptions is not exhaustive. Events or circumstances could cause actual results to vary materially.

We caution readers of this MD&A not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and information contained herein, which are not a guarantee of performance, events or results and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual performance, events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and information. These factors include: unanticipated future operational difficulties (including cost escalation, unavailability of materials and equipment, industrial disturbances or other job action and unanticipated events related to health, safety and environmental matters); social unrest; failure of counterparties to perform their contractual obligations; changes in priorities, plans, strategies and prospects; general economic, industry, business and market conditions; disruptions or changes in the credit or securities markets; changes in law, regulation, or application and interpretation of the same; the ability to implement business plans and strategies, and to pursue business opportunities; rulings by courts or arbitrators, proceedings and investigations; inflationary pressures; and various other events, conditions or circumstances that could disrupt the Company's priorities, plans, strategies and prospects including those detailed from time to time in the Company's reports and public filings with the Canadian securities administrators, filed on SEDAR.

This information speaks only as of the date of this MD&A. The Company undertakes no obligation to revise or update forward-looking information after the date of this document, nor to make revisions to reflect the occurrence of future unanticipated events, except as may be required under applicable securities laws or the policies of the TSX-V exchange.

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THE COMPANY

The principal business of FireFox Gold Corp. ("FireFox" or "the Company") is the exploration and development of mineral properties in Finland. The Company owns or has options to purchase several exploration-stage properties in the country, further described in the following pages.

FireFox was incorporated in the Province of British Columbia on June 16, 2017, under the name Silverstone Resources Corp. The Company's name was changed to FireFox Gold Corp. on August 23, 2017. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia, and Alberta. The Company trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol FFOX and the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol FIY.

Share issuance activities

On January 11, 2019, the Company issued 187,500 warrants of the Company at a purchase price of \$0.06 each for gross proceeds of \$11,250 pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option granted under the agency agreement dated December 6, 2018. Each warrant entitled the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.60 any time prior to December 21, 2020. The Company incurred warrant issuance costs of \$12,026.

In June and July 2019, the Company closed the first and second tranches of a private placement by issuing 7,500,000 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.10 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$750,000. Each Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one whole common share purchase warrant, with each warrant being exercisable to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.15 for a term of three years following the closing. In relation to the private placement, cash share issuance costs of \$24,217 were paid.

In September 2019, the Company closed the first and second tranches of a private placement by issuing 3,803,333 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.15 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$570,500. Each Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one whole common share purchase warrant, with each warrant being exercisable to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.20 for a term of two years from the date of closing. In relation to the private placement, the Company paid cash share issuance costs of \$7,764 and issued 25,200 broker warrants as finders' fees with a fair value of \$2,240. These broker warrants are exercisable at a price of \$0.20 for two years following the closing.

In October and November 2019, the Company issued 565,100 and 1,959,300 common shares, respectively, of the Company in relation to the agreement for services (the "Agreement") entered into with Oy Kati Ab Kalajoki ("Kati") an arm's length party. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company agreed to issue common shares of the Company in full satisfaction of ongoing drilling services (the "Services") provided by Kati in Northern Finland. Under the Agreement, the deemed price of the common shares to be issued is calculated using the closing price of the Company's common shares on the first trading day after the last date on each invoice in which Services are provided to the Company. The common shares issued in October had a value of approximately \$0.16 per share and were issued in order to settle invoices totaling \$89,597. The common shares issued in November had a value of approximately \$0.124 per share and were issued in order to settle invoices totaling \$243,309. In total, the Company issued 2,524,400 common shares in full satisfaction of the invoices received from Kati totaling \$332,908. The Company incurred share issuance costs of \$4,339 in association with issuing these common shares.

On April 23, 2020, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 5,630,000 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$281,500. Each Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one whole common share purchase warrant, with each warrant being exercisable to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.08 per share for a term of two years following the closing of the private placement. In relation to this private placement, the Company paid cash share issuance costs of \$4,251.

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On June 24, 2020, the Company completed the first tranche of a private placement by issuing 10,725,000 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.10 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$1,072,500. Each Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one half of one common share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant being exercisable to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.12 per share for a term of two years from the date of issuance. In relation to this tranche of the private placement, the Company paid cash share issuance costs of \$4,522, finder's fees of \$34,475, and issued 344,750 broker warrants as finder's fees. The broker warrants are exercisable at \$0.10 for two years from the date of issuance. Of the 344,750 broker warrants, 297,500 were issued subsequent to period-end on July 2, 2020. The broker warrants have a total fair value of \$39,438, with \$36,225 pertaining to the 297,500 warrants issued on July 2, 2020.

On July 2, 2020, the Company completed the second tranche of a private placement (first tranche closed on June 24) by issuing 9,275,000 Units of the Company at a price of \$0.10 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$927,500. The second tranche brought the total gross proceeds of the financing to \$2,000,000. Each Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one half of one common share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant being exercisable to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.12 per share for a term of two years from the date of issuance. In association with this tranche of the financing, the Company paid cash share issuance costs of \$1,913, finder's fees of \$62,825, and issued 925,750 finder's warrants exercisable at \$0.10 for two years from the date of issuance, 297,500 of which pertained to the first tranche of the private placement. The finder's warrants pertaining to the second tranche of the private placement have a fair value of \$65,268.

Subsequent events

On October 28th, 2020, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement. The private placement raised total gross proceeds of approximately \$2,143,494 by issuing 11,908,300 Units at a purchase price of \$0.18 per Unit. Each Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one half of one common share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant being exercisable to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.27 per share for a term of two years from the date of issuance. The Shares issued pursuant to the Private Placement will be subject to a statutory hold period of four months plus one day from the date of issuance, in accordance with applicable securities legislation. In relation to this placement the Company paid \$80,875 in cash finder's fees and issued 374,422 finder's warrants exercisable at \$0.18 for two years from the date of issuance.

The Company intends to use the proceeds of the Private Placement for general corporate purposes, working capital and exploration activities on FireFox's gold exploration properties in Finland.

PROPERTY DESCRIPTIONS

Finland exploration properties

Riikonkoski, Jeesiö, and Ylöjärvi Properties ("RJY Properties")

On August 1, 2017, the Company entered an option agreement with Magnus Minerals Ltd. ("Magnus"), a company incorporated under the laws of Finland, whereby Magnus granted FireFox an exclusive right and option to earn and acquire a 100% interest in each of the Riikonkoski (East and West), Jeesiö (including Jeesiö West) and Ylöjärvi (including Oks) projects, which are located in Finland and currently owned by Magnus (the "RJY Option Agreement"). Since originally entering into the option agreement, certain extensions have been formally granted by Magnus to commitment dates under the RJY Option Agreement.

Pursuant to the RJY Option Agreement, FireFox has completed the following commitments:

- (i) issued 6,000,000 common shares to Magnus
- (ii) incurred \$2,339,821 in exploration expenditures on the RJY Properties, and

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(iii) made cash payments to Magnus totaling \$150,000

The following commitments remain to be satisfied under the RJY Option Agreement:

- (i) incurring a further \$160,179 in exploration expenditures on the RJY Properties by August 31, 2021
- (ii) making a \$50,000 cash payment to Magnus by February 28, 2021
- (iii) making a \$50,000 cash payment to Magnus by August 31, 2021

The RJY Option Agreement also provides that if FireFox exercises the Option, FireFox will be obligated to pay Magnus an additional payment, equal to the value of 1,000 troy ounces of gold, within 12 months of the commencement of commercial production. In addition, under the RJY Option Agreement, FireFox granted Magnus a 1.5% net smelter return royalty ("NSR"), which may be reduced to 1% by the payment to Magnus of 1,000 troy ounces of gold within 90 days of publishing a positive feasibility study. Pursuant to the RJY Option Agreement, Magnus has agreed to provide mineral exploration services to FireFox.

At any time, FireFox may elect to stop making payments under the RJY Option Agreement, which would result in the termination of the RJY Option Agreement. Upon termination of the RJY Option Agreement, FireFox would forego all of its rights to the Projects and any payments (including the issuance of shares) already made to Magnus or expended on the Projects.

Jeesiö Project

The Jeesiö Project, presently consists of twelve distinct tenement blocks, with eight having the status of exploration permit applications, and three having the status of valid exploration permits. The total size of the Jeesiö tenements is 220.5 km² when including part of the Vaalajärvi reservation, the most recent Kelontekemä reservation and the Katajavaara exploration permit application in the Jeesiö Project.

The northern boundary of the Jeesiö exploration permit applications is only 2 km south from the Aamurusko gold discovery (Risti Property) by Aurion Resources Ltd (TSX-V:AU), and 12 kilometers SSW from the Pahtavaara Gold Mine (350,000 oz. produced), currently being recommissioned by Rupert Resources Ltd (TSE:RUP). Numerous smaller drilled prospects and deposits are located in the vicinity of Jeesiö.

FireFox again cautions that being near a discovery, or past-producing mine with a resource, does not indicate that mineralization will occur on FireFox's property, and if mineralization does occur, that it will occur in sufficient quantity or grade that would result in an economic extraction scenario. These facts were referenced here to provide context for the prospectivity of the FireFox properties.

Portions of the Jeesiö property straddle the Sirkka Shear Zone or related regional-scale structures. Despite its location along these important controlling structures, the Jeesiö area has seen only limited exploration work. Therefore, Jeesiö is considered a greenfield exploration target. The Jeesiö area has been covered by government funded regional till sampling programs, but historically only one small gold prospect, Homelampi, was drill tested. These 4 shallow holes returned low grades (0.1-0.3 g/t Au) over intervals up to several metres long, with the best intersection returning 0.3 g/t Au over 2.07 metres. After completion of the Company's 2018 base-of-till (BOT) sampling program, the anomalous gold zone at Homelampi now measures approximately 1,300 by 400 metres (defined by gold grades in excess of 100 ppb Au in till). A single till sample containing 1.04 g/t Au suggests that Homelampi may host higher grade mineralization that were not intersected by historical drilling. The Company believes that, due to its large size, intense hydrothermal alteration, and extensive area of gold enrichment, Homelampi could represent a distal, low-grade manifestation of a nearby orogenic gold system.

During the 2018 summer field season, FireFox conducted geological mapping, till sampling and in-house magnetic surveys on selected targets that were highlighted by earlier targeting work. Altogether, the teams

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collected 552 till samples and assayed them for Au and a multi-element geochemical package and surveyed approximately 17.7 line kilometers by magnetometer. The work identified several zones anomalous in gold, arsenic and copper, some of which are associated with historical SP (self potential) anomalies.

FireFox purchased and reprocessed government low-altitude airborne geophysical survey data. This project covers the entire Central Lapland Greenstone Belt and will support further targeting of land for potential acquisition outside the Company's current land package.

The Sirkka Shear Zone bends south within the Company's Jeesiö NE tenement area. Along this trend the Company has identified a new zone of highly anomalous gold-in-till values, called the Utsamo target. Anomalous till samples range from 21 to 454 ppb Au and are coincident with a 2.8-kilometre-long trend that follows the contact between mafic intrusive rocks and metasediments. Newly acquired magnetics data suggests that this feature is a continuation of the Sirkka Shear Zone. This is a similar geological setting to that of the Kiekerömaa gold prospect owned by Aurion Resources. Historic drill intercepts from limited drilling by Outokumpu and Tertiary Minerals on that property included 5.8 g/t Au over 5.0 m, 7.4 g/t Au over 2.0 m and 3.6 g/t Au over 4.6 metres.

During the 2019 field season, the FireFox Gold team identified multiple gold occurrences from boulders and outcrops at both Utsamo and at the new Katajavaara target approximately 9 kilometres to the south. The property hosting Katajavaara is fully owned by FireFox, but due to its close proximity to the Jeesiö optioned properties the area is being managed as one project. The significant results of the 2019 field season, which was focused on the Utsamo target, are summarized below:

- FireFox geologists conducted conventional prospecting and reconnaissance geological mapping in the area. The team collected almost 200 samples of quartz veins and hydrothermally altered quartzite, including one sample that contained 4.6 g/t Au. This newly identified mineralization consists of strong sulfide-carbonate-altered quartzite.
- Geologists collected approximately 103 samples along 6 lines across the targeted structure and submitted them for partial leach geochemistry and ultrasensitive analysis by inductively coupled plasma – mass spectrometry (ICP-MS). The preliminary results of the partial leach geochemistry resemble the nearby BOT geochemistry, highlighting anomalous gold, copper, and other elements along the interpreted contact zones.
- The team conducted a detailed Induced Polarization (IP) survey at the northern part of this 2.8 km long structural and geophysical feature. The area of interest is characterized by a band of low magnetism with discrete magnetic inliers that pass through more magnetic rocks. The results imply that the targeted structural corridor is characterized by low resistivity, and that the gold bearing BOT samples are spatially associated with the sharp northeastern contact between low and high resistivity domains. This boundary is interpreted to represent the contact zone between hydrothermally altered metasediments and gabbroic sills a common association of gold deposits in the region

FireFox conducted a reconnaissance drilling program at the Utsamo target area during Q4 2019. The drilling tested 180 metres of strike within a five-kilometre corridor of complex faults and shears that are believed to represent a section of the Sirkka Shear Zone.

At Utsamo, both gold in BOT samples and anomalous Ionic Leach samples are spatially associated with the margins of magnetic bodies (mafic-ultramafic sills) and contacts between low and high resistivity domains. The IP resistivity low in Utsamo was interpreted to represent a near-vertical fault zone. Hole 19JEE001 started within the surface projection of the IP resistivity low and was drilled towards the NE, while holes 19JEE002 and 19JEE003 were drilled from the NE to the SW in order to transect the IP resistivity low.

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Table 1. Jeesiö Project drill holes.

Hole	Final	Drilling	Drilling	Coordinate	Easting	Northing	Azimuth	Starting
	depth	start date	finish date	System				dip
19JEE003	140	07/11/2019	10/11/2019	TM35FIN	470409.4	7488797	235	45
1910003	140	07/11/2019	10/11/2019	EPSG:3067	470409.4	7400737	233	45
19JEE002	175.3	29/10/2019	03/11/2019	TM35FIN	470491	7488725	235	45
19166002	1/5.5	29/10/2019	03/11/2019	EPSG:3067	470491	7400723	233	45
19JEE001	150.8	04-11-2019	07/11/2019	TM35FIN	470268.4	7488806	55	45
19155001	150.6	04-11-2019	07/11/2019	EPSG:3067	470208.4	7400000	55	45

The three Utsamo drill holes intersected a lithological package consisting of arkosic quartzites interlayered with lesser intermediate tuffites and mafic volcanics, which are intruded by narrow mafic and ultramafic dykes or sills. Drill holes 19JEE002 and 19JEE003 intersected 25-metre thick fault gouge that was formed by extensive shearing, alteration and oxidation of both the arkosic quartzites and mafic-ultramafic rocks. The fault gouge was intersected about 100 metres down-dip and is comprised of pervasive clay alteration enriched in iron oxides. Importantly, it contains abundant fragments of quartz-carbonate-sericite veins – similar to those associated with gold elsewhere in the region. Despite the promising structure, lithological association and alteration, the fault gouge did not yield significant gold grades in these drill holes.

The Katajavaara target is situated on the interpreted Venejoki Shear Zone, a major transcrustal thrust system running broadly in a West-East direction on the south side of the Sirkka Shear Zone. FireFox Gold geologists conducted reconnaissance bedrock mapping and boulder hunting in the Katajavaara area in late September 2019, identifying and sampling quartz-sulfide veins in several locations. In total, company geologists submitted 62 rock samples for analysis. The best results were associated with mafic, gabbroic intrusions. Eleven samples returned anomalous gold (greater than 0.1 g/t) including one quartz-sulphide vein sample with 6.4 g/t gold (see Table 2 below). A 46 line-kilometer ground magnetic survey over approximately 2.4 km² of the Katajavaara target suggested that the gold anomalies are spatially associated with strongly magnetic, often linear, bodies that are interpreted to represent mafic-ultramafic dykes intruding the Sodankylä Group sediments.

The 2020 field season commenced at the beginning of July on the Jeesiö Project. The program at Jeesio included mapping, sampling, and exploration trenching. In total, the Firefox field team collected 793 rock samples. The mapping and sampling campaign generated two completely new occurrences: "Saittavaara" and the "Katajavaara Hill".

At the Saittavaara, prospecting activities turned up strongly altered and sulphidized quartzites with pyrite and tourmaline, which yielded up to 2.7 ppm Au. In addition to Saittavaara, the team also followed-up the mineralization from Katajavaara in the direction of a magnetic anomaly, which resulted in discovery of multiple gold-anomalous quartzite boulders yielding up to 4.7 ppm Au. See Table 2 for a summary of the recent results.

FireFox's gold assay database for the Jeesiö Project now includes 2,862 samples with Au assays. FireFox teams have now collected and analyzed 1,258 rock samples from the Jeesiö Project. The database also includes 749 analyses of till samples yielded by the Company's BOT sampling programs, and 388 gold and multi-element analyses of historical samples that were not previously analyzed for gold. Furthermore, the database includes 467 unpublished Au assays purchased from the Geological Survey of Finland (GTK).

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Table 2. Highlights of the 2020 Jeesiö Prospecting Campaign

Area	Rock Type	Au (ppm)	Bi (ppm)	Sb (ppm)	Te (ppm)	Cu (ppm)	Fe (ppm)	S (ppm)
Katajavaara	Quartzite-Qtz vein	10.508	3.33	0.06	2.71	586	70400	178
Katajavaara Hill	Quartzite-Qtz vein	4.73	0.22	0.11	0.38	7.5	11900	<20
Saittavaara	Quartzite	2.752	0.11	0.07	0.04	2.6	4570	<20
Saittavaara	Quartzite	2.636	0.39	0.05	0.1	17.6	14900	2300
Saittavaara	Quartzite	2.042	0.39	0.06	0.11	37.6	13900	5640
Katajavaara	Vein quartz	1.845	0.47	0.08	0.47	101	17400	48
Katajavaara	Quartzite-Qtz vein	1.654	1.53	0.11	2.44	2820	114000	1260
Katajavaara Hill	Quartzite	1.601	14.5	0.14	23.3	81.3	16600	95
Katajavaara	Quartzite-Qtz vein	1.233	1.77	0.08	2.36	329	29900	197
Katajavaara	Quartzite-Qtz vein	0.948	1.02	0.09	1.16	797	253000	396
Saittavaara	Quartzite	0.745	0.29	0.05	0.19	9.4	14500	90
Saittavaara	Quartzite	0.737	0.95	0.08	0.31	34.9	18400	650

During the third quarter of 2020, FireFox engaged Radai Oy to conduct a detailed high-resolution airborne magnetic survey over the Jeesiö Properties. Radai employed a UAV (unmanned aerial vehicle) with a fluxgate sensor to measure total magnetic field. The spacing between flight lines was 50m and the average elevation of the sensor was 15m.

The technical team found the data quality to be very high. The high-resolution data has already guided field activities into new or better understood targets. Data interpretation is ongoing with FireFox's technology partner, GoldSpot Discoveries Corp. ("GoldSpot"). The team is planning follow-up mapping, sampling, geophysics, and BOT sampling at Jeesiö during the fourth quarter of the year.

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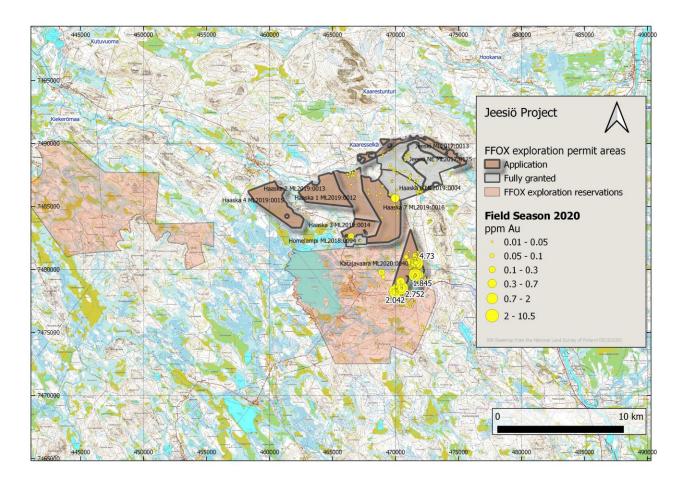


Figure 1. A map showing the Jeesiö project property outlines with the grab samples collected during the 2020 field season.

Firefox has filed exploration permit applications in the southern part of the Jeesiö Project area to facilitate follow-up mechanized exploration activities.

Ylöjärvi Project

The Company's Ylöjärvi property (1.01 km² in total size) is secured by an exploration permit application. Ylöjärvi is located in the western branch of the Tampere Schist Belt, a volcano-sedimentary belt well-known for its historical and active gold mining.

In-house exploration targeting work at Ylöjärvi focused on the similarities in geochemistry, style of alteration and structural geology of the volcanic sequences to those features observed near the gold mines of the region. In addition, the presence of numerous high-grade glacial erratics and gold anomalies in till or soil support the general prospectivity of the area. Additional exploration work will have to be performed in order to ascertain whether there is significant mineralization associated with these initial indicators.

The area of the Ylöjärvi tenement has seen only minor exploration work in the past. During the 2017 field season the Company conducted reconnaissance geological mapping, till sampling and Self Potential (SP) line surveys on selected targets. New grab samples assayed up to 7 g/t Au (7 samples exceeded 1g/t Au, and 17 samples had > 0.1 g/t Au), and FireFox was able to verify the extension of one of the historical drilled prospects ("Oks") by another 1,000 metres along strike. Geological teams returned to these areas during the spring of

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2018 to conduct additional sampling and geophysics, but no significant new mineralization was encountered. The Company conducted additional mapping and percussion drill BOT sampling in order to further delineate these anomalies but did not identify any high priority targets.

Riikonkoski Project

The Company has scaled back its exploration at the Riikonkoski Project, but it still controls an exploration permit application covering 117.047 hectares. The area is prospective for gold and copper mineralization and includes some historic drilling that reported narrow intervals of relatively high grade and copper grades. The project lies very close to the Sirkka Shear Zone, which is a pronounced Au-deposition controlling structure within the Central Lapland Greenstone Belt. In the immediate vicinity of the Riikonkoski tenement, two closed mines, Saattopora Au-Cu mine and Sirkka Cu-Ni-Co-Au-Ag mine, have been operated in the past. Further away, 22 kilometers northeast, Agnico Eagle Ltd. (TSE:AEM) is currently operating its Kittilä Gold Mine, with mineral resource of approximately 4 million ounces of gold.

Mustajärvi Project

On December 14, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement whereby it paid a total of €30,000 and issued 400,000 common shares to a Finnish junior exploration company, Aurora Exploration Oy ("Aurora"), to acquire a 100% interest in the Mustajärvi Project. Aurora retains a 1% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") on all metals sold from the Mustajärvi Project, 50% of which can be repurchased by FireFox for USD \$500,000. The repurchase right is exercisable at any point within 180 days of the Company's receipt of a positive feasibility study for the Mustajärvi Project.

The Mustajärvi Project includes an extensive database of both historical and FireFox data, containing: historical till and drill data, two detailed ground magnetic surveys, an extensive modern BOT program and small-scale IP surveys, all defining several targets for potential gold mineralization.

Mustajärvi (2.7 km² in size) consists of two blocks - one valid exploration permit and one exploration permit application. Firefox Gold expanded the Mustajärvi Project by applying for an exploration permit (Mustajärvi W) (Fig. 2), which covers the continuation of the Mustajärvi shear zone towards the southwest from the permitted Mustajärvi property.

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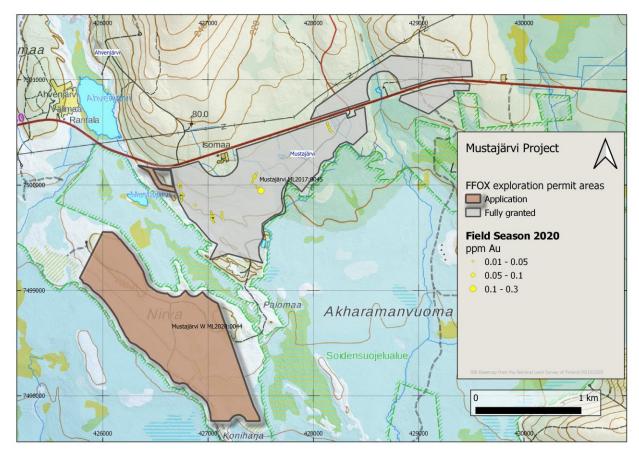


Figure 2. Mustajärvi project property outlines with the field season 2020 trenching locations.

The Mustajärvi Project is located adjacent to a southern splay of the Sirkka Shear Zone, which is termed the Venejoki Shear Zone. Together, these are deep crustal-scale structures that have controlled the emplacement of more than 40 gold deposits in the region. The mineralization at Mustajärvi is typical of an orogenic gold deposit hosted by albitized schists and volcaniclastic rocks, gold being associated with pyrite-bearing quartz and quartz-carbonate-tourmaline veins. Only the topmost 50 metres of the bedrock, had been drill tested by previous workers. Drilling by Outokumpu Oy yielded high grade intersections including 2.7m @ 14.6 g/t Au (from 20.7 metres), 12.0m @ 2.7 g/t Au (from 21.0 metres), and 1.0m @ 18.8 g/t Au (from 41.0 metres).

Mustajärvi was the main target during the Company's winter 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 exploration programs, during which percussion drill till sampling programs, an IP survey, diamond drilling Phase-1 (2018-2019) and Phase-2 (late 2019) were completed.

Ground magnetic surveys conducted by the Company delineated a previously unknown demagnetized zone at the contact of the host units, which is interpreted to be a second order splay from the major transcrustal structure. The interpreted fault zone stretches for approximately 2 kilometers within the Company's exploration permit. During the first quarter of 2018, the FireFox team conducted an extensive BOT sampling program, consisting of 598 samples and traversing approximately 6 line-kilometers. The results significantly expanded the extent of the previously known mineralization, with the maximum gold value identified in the survey of 2,540 ppb. Furthermore, several new targets were identified, with multiple anomalies over 100ppb Au being spatially associated with the interpreted Mustajärvi fault zone. In the second quarter of 2018, the Company conducted an IP survey, testing a total of 5.85 line kilometers along the newly characterized fault

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zone. The IP survey revealed a strong correlation of chargeability anomalies with the ground magnetic data and further defined the fault zone. In addition to a high chargeability anomaly associated with the known mineralization, the results show multiple chargeability anomalies along the fault zone, with the strongest anomaly related to a bend in the structure, suggesting a clear target for mineralization.

The phase 1 drill program included eight core holes totaling 1,094.5 metres. The drill program succeeded in its goal of confirming gold grades of historical drilling and managed to identify a new style of high-grade mineralization at greater depth. The drill results were also the first indication on the project of mineralization being spatially associated with IP chargeability highs.

Highlights of the Phase 1 drill results include:

- Hole 18MJ010 intersected a 2-metre-thick, massive pyrite zone from 125.5 metres down-hole that assayed 45.1 g/t Au (including 0.5 metres grading 73.7 g/t Au).
- Drill holes 18MJ004 and 18MJ014 were drilled along the same section at the eastern tip of the known mineralization and yielded 1.15 m @ 3.6 g/t Au (43.3-44.45 m) and 1.55 m @ 2.9 g/t Au (65-66.55 m), respectively.
- Drill holes 18MJ008 and 18MJ013 targeted a portion of the IP anomaly and were drilled approximately 100 metres west of known mineralization, yielding: 3.65m @ 0.97 g/t Au in 18MJ008 (19.5-23.5 m; includes significant core loss), 0.7m @ 1.95 g/t Au (69.25-69.95 m) and 1.65m @ 0.89 g/t Au (143.85-145.5 m) in 18MJ013.
- Significant gold intercepts at the project often contain anomalous cobalt.

Table 3. Summary of Phase 1 drill intercepts

Drill Hole	Easting (metres)	Northing (metres)	Azimuth (°)	Plunge (°)	Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Gold (g/t)	Co (wt.%)
18MJ001	427,794	7,500,263	340	-45	70.3	-	-	-	-	-
18MJ002	427,702	7,500,228	340	-45	82.1	30.6	34.7	4.1	1.87	-
incl						34.35	34.7	0.35	11.6	0.11
and						62.7	63.5	0.8	3.96	0.07
18MJ004	427,841	7,500,281	340	-45	75.2	43.3	44.45	1.15	3.6	0.21
18MJ007	427,595	7,500,225	340	-45	101	-	-	-	-	-
18MJ008	427,549	7,500,206	340	-45	104.7	19.5	23.5	3.65	0.97	-
incl						20	20.45	0.45	2.51	0.03
18MJ010	427,728	7,500,162	340	-45	154.8	87.3	87.8	0.5	1.6	0.04
and						125.5	127.5	2	45.1	0.16
incl						126.5	127	0.5	73.7	0.25
18MJ013	427,613	7,500,041	340	-45	354.8	69.25	69.95	0.7	1.95	-
incl						69.8	69.95	0.15	8.43	0.02
and^						143.9	145.5	1.65	0.89	-
incl						143.9	144.4	0.55	2.45	-
18MJ014	427,867	7,500,215	340	-45	151.2	65	66.55	1.55	2.9	0.02
incl						65.65	66	0.35	12.3	0.02

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Drill hole numbering was not consecutive. Drilling is believed to be perpendicular to the dip of the mineralization, however true widths are not yet known and will be confirmed with additional drilling and geological modeling in the future. Internal dilution and tails are mineralized but assay below the Company's 1 g/t cut off for "high-grade gold".

In September 2019, FireFox announced the commencement of a nine-hole Phase 2 drill program at Mustajärvi, for which final results were reported in January of 2020. The program significantly expanded the footprint of the Mustajärvi mineralization by intersecting massive tourmaline-quartz-pyrite veins approximately 500 metres northeast of the "Central Zone" of mineralization indicating that the Mustajärvi Shear may be mineralized over at least 900 metres of its strike. Highlights of the assays from the Mustajärvi NE area include 0.85 metres averaging 24.7 g/t Au within 1.95 metres averaging 12 g/t Au in Hole 19MJ006. In the Mustajärvi SW area, 250 metres southwest of the Central Zone, anomalous gold in hole 19MJ007 in proximity to an interpreted favorable lithological contact warrants additional follow-up drilling to confirm the expansion of the Mustajärvi system in this direction.

Table 4. Summary of Phase 2 drill intercepts

Drill Hole	Zone	Easting (metres)	Northing (metres)	Azimuth (°)	Dip (°)	Depth (m)	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Gold (g/t)
19MJ001	Central	427,740	7,500,128	340	-45	199.6	107.3	109.3	2.0	0.33
AND							142.2	142.8	0.6	4.5
19MJ002	Central	427,703	7,500,153	340	-45	152.3	117.7	118.7	1.0	0.64
AND							136.55	137.1	0.55	1.27
19MJ003	Central	427,708	7,500,278	269	-45	64.9	10.0	11.0	1.0	0.17
AND							14.2	14.6	0.4	0.2
AND							20.4	20.6	0.2	0.5
19MJ004	Central	427,752	7,500,169	340	-45	153.7	84.85	86.75	1.9	1.06
19MJ005	NE	428,230	7,500,505	340	-45	150.8	73.0	75.0	2.0	0.9
19MJ006	NE	428,296	7,500,537	340	-45	179.0	125.75	127.9	1.95*	12.0
INCLUDI NG							126.25	127.1	0.85	24.7
AND							144.7	145.7	1.0	2.29
19MJ007	SW	427,574	7,499,938	310	-45	196	170.6	171.6	1.0	0.15
19MJ008	Central	427,798	7,500,182	340	-45	149.2	86	87	1.0	0.18
19MJ009	Central	427,713	7,500,118	340	-45	185.3	105.0	106.0	1.0	1.07
AND							112.1	112.6	0.5	2.36
AND							145.0	146.0	1.0	3.49

Notes: Drilling is believed to be perpendicular to the dip of the mineralization, however true widths are not yet known and will be confirmed with additional drilling and geological modeling following the program. Internal dilution and tails are mineralized but assay below the Company's 1 g/t cutoff for high grade gold.
*Includes 0.2m core loss

FireFox's summer 2020 program integrated new and existing data from rock and trench sampling, till surveys, geophysical surveys, and structural analysis. Field work in Q3 was comprised mostly of exploration trenching. Trench locations were targeted by the combination of ground geophysical and BOT data. FireFox successfully confirmed the presence of mafic intrusives coincident with magnetic high anomalies. The intrusives were occasionally strongly deformed and altered which may indicate that they could act as a host rock for gold mineralization. In addition, strongly altered rocks were discovered along the interpreted "Mustajärvi Shear Zone". Despite the presence of altered metasediments, no significant gold values were identified in samples,

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however, due to the deep overburden and deeply weathered shear zones, bedrock was reached at only a few of the trench locations. Diamond drilling was therefore recommended in order to reach bedrock.

The 2020 summer program successfully identified three priority drill targets:

- Continuation of chargeability anomalies into metasediments north of known mineralization;
- Major structural intersections and flexures coincident with geophysical anomalies; and
- Structurally disrupted rigid bodies with alteration as well as gold and geochemical anomalies in till.

The Company commenced its third diamond drill program at the Mustajärvi Project in fourth quarter of 2020, with up to 1,400 metres budgeted to test the new target areas. The drilling was planned collaboratively with the team from GoldSpot.

Seuru Project

On August 21, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement with Magnus (the "Seuru Option Agreement") to acquire a 100% interest in approximately 46,039 hectares of mineral exploration reservations in the Central Lapland Greenstone Belt of northern Finland. At the time of the option, the new properties were comprised of four separate reservations, collectively referred to as the Seuru Properties. Since originally entering into the option agreement, certain extensions have been formally granted by Magnus to commitment dates under the Seuru Option Agreement. Magnus will retain a 1.5% NSR royalty on production from the Seuru Properties, 0.5% of which can be purchased for 1,000 troy ounces of gold.

Pursuant to the Seuru Option Agreement, FireFox has completed the following commitments:

- (i) issued 1,500,000 shares,
- (ii) made cash payments to Magnus totalling \$150,000, and
- (iii) incurred \$296,933 in mineral exploration on the Seuru Properties

The following commitments remain to be satisfied under the Seuru Option Agreement:

- (i) making a cash payment to Magnus of \$50,000 by October 5, 2022
- (ii) Incurring a further \$1,203,067 in mineral exploration on the Seuru Properties, as follows:
 - a. \$203,067 by April 30, 2021
 - b. \$1,000,000 by April 30, 2022

The Company applied for two separate exploration permit areas (November 22, 2019) within the Seuru Project; Sarvi and Lehto. The Sarvi exploration target is located 1.5 km north from Rupert Resources' Heinä (Area 1) discovery. During the 2018 field season, the team located several anomalous heavy mineral samples including a sample with 118 gold micro nuggets (also elevated Au and As values in till geochemistry). More field work was planned in order to locate possible favourable gold hosting structures.

The Lehto exploration permit application area is located 9 kilometers north of the Sarvi area. The area comprises a very similar rock package as the Sarvi area, but in addition to Kittilä Suite mafic tholeiites and mafic graphite tuffs, oxide facies iron formations have been reported. The team had done very limited field work in the area through 2019, but several anomalous samples have been collected so far, including samples with Cu up to 1.1 % and Au up to 0.538 ppm from quartz veins associated with the mafic volcanics.

FireFox Gold further expanded the Seuru properties during the third quarter of 2020 by applying for an exploration permit, designated Sarvi2, which will secure more land around the prospective Sarvi property. Also, additional new reservation applications were submitted: Keulakkopäänrinne, Lehto2, and Kolho (Fig. 3). Kolho covers a vast land package from the Eastern boundary of the Kittilä suite to the Savukoski and Sodankylä formations, comprising similar geology to Rupert Resources' recent discoveries at Area1.

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The 2020 field season at the Seuru project started in early July at the Sarvi and Lehto properties. In total, 425 outcrop and boulder grab samples were assayed from the Seuru properties. The most encouraging results were encountered at a spot named Bog Island at the Sarvi property, where a sample from a subcrop of quartz-sulphide veins in volcanic rocks yielded 1.4 ppm Au. The surrounding rocks also exhibit late-stage carbonate veining with some sulphides, which is an encouraging sign of alteration, especially when located so close-by to the Rupert Resources discoveries. A detailed UAV-magnetic survey was also conducted during the third quarter of 2020 over the area of the Sarvi and Sarvi2 exploration permit applications and the Keulakkopäänrinne reservation, covering roughly 21 km².

FireFox intends to continue its exploration in the area with extensive BOT sampling and likely follow-up core drilling programs at the Sarvi Project as soon as the requisite exploration permit is granted, which is expected to occur in the first quarter of 2021.

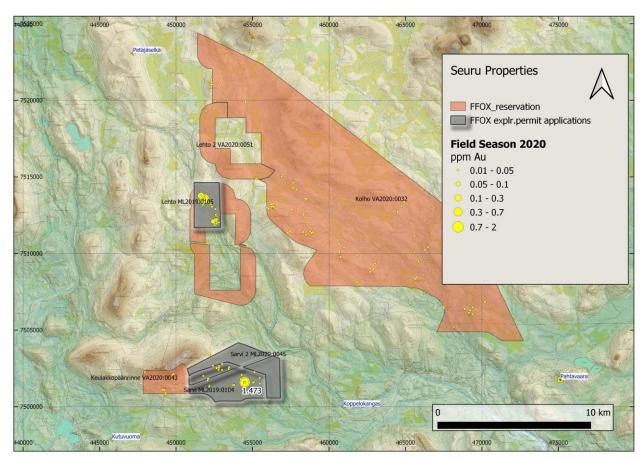


Figure 3. Seuru property outlines presented with the 2020 field season samples. Highest Au values were found at the Sarvi property, just north of the Rupert Resources Area1.

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The Kierinki Project

On August 19, 2019, the Company reported that it has acquired two new tenement blocks, collectively called the Kierinki Project, into its gold exploration portfolio in central Lapland, Finland. The Kierinki Project covers 983.9 km² (98,390 hectares) through exploration reservations in the Kierinki Schist Belt and demonstrates geologic potential to host orogenic gold deposits but has never been the focus of detailed exploration. The property blocks are situated less than 30 km from the Company's portfolio of over 500 km² of gold projects in the Central Lapland Greenstone Belt.

The belt bears similarities to the northern parts of the Peräpohja Schist Belt – more specifically with the Rompas-Rajapalot area, where bonanza-grade gold occurrences have been discovered. Rompas-Rajapalot is located about 50 km south of Kierinki.

The Kierinki Schist Belt is one of the least studied schist belts in northern Finland. The area was first highlighted by the government-sponsored Nordkalott Project in the late 1980's, when one of the strongest gold-in-till anomalies in Northern Fennoscandia was recorded. In spite of such observations, the Kierinki area has only seen reconnaissance studies by the Geological Survey of Finland and has never before been explored in detail. The results of these reconnaissance studies suggest that the Kierinki Schist Belt shares the geochemical characteristics of the Rompas-Rajapalot area to the south, characterized by high gold and cobalt. The geochemical anomalies at Kierinki are also similar to mineralization associated with the Sirkka Shear Zone in the north, where there is an association between gold and tellurium.

Importantly, these early studies also indicated that in samples from the Kierinki region, gold likely occurred as free gold, suggesting it was likely derived from weathering of quartz veins. The geochemical gold anomalies at Kierinki are associated with the faulted boundaries of structural blocks where the dominant structural grain is evidenced by major faults striking generally NNE or NNW.

The Company has not yet conducted significant work on the Kierinki Properties.

[The foregoing studies at the Kierinki Project were reviewed by the Company but predate the guidelines of National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and the Company has not yet done the work necessary to verify any of this information. These historical results should not be relied upon although the Company is of the opinion that these results are relevant to an understanding of the potential for the tenements and the area in general.]

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

Quarter ended		30-Sept-20	30-Jun-20	31-Mar-20	31-Dec-19
Revenue (1)			-	-	-
Loss for the quarter Loss per share	\$ \$	(1,056,572) (0.02)	(309,263) (0.01)	(128,597) (0.00)	(867,987) (0.03)
Quarter ended		30-Sept-19	30-Jun-19	31-Mar-19	31-Dec-18
Revenue (1)			-	-	-
Loss for the quarter Loss per share	\$ \$	(641,463) (0.02)	(224,429) (0.01)	(486,613) (0.02)	(731,443) (0.04)

this being a corporation without a revenue-generating business, there are no revenues from operations or investments.

Loss for the quarter ended September 30, 2020

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Losses of \$1,056,572 in the three months ended September 30, 2020 ("Q320") are greater than losses of \$641,463 in the three months ended September 30, 2019 ("Q319"), primarily due to higher exploration costs in Q320 of \$580,519 compared to \$353,957 in Q319. Other significant costs in Q320 included increased share-based payments of \$254,004 (Q319 - \$70,854).

Loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2020

Losses of \$1,494,432 in the nine months ended September 30, 2020 are greater than losses of \$1,352,505 in the nine months ended September 30, 2019, primarily due to higher share based payments in the period ending September 30, 2020, of \$254,004 compared to \$70,854 in the period ending September 30, 2019. Share based payments expense fluctuates based on timing of vesting of grants, number of options granted, volatility at time of grant and other factors impacting the Black-Scholes calculation. 2,700,000 options were granted in August 2020 and 1,740,000 options were granted in August 2019.

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Cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2020

The Company's operating cashflow was negative due to the net loss for the period. As a result of closing private placements and receiving funds from the private placement that closed July 2, 2020, the net cash inflows of \$2,187,313 (Q319 - \$1,287,746) from financing activities resulted in an overall net cash increase of \$825,098 (Q319 - decrease of \$202,708).

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company had a working capital surplus of \$1,052,868 as of September 30, 2020 (December 31, 2019 – surplus of \$93,168). The Company does not have revenues from operations and relies on outside funding for its continuing financial liquidity. Despite having raised funds throughout 2020, the Company will need additional financing in order to continue operations.

Management cautions that the Company's ability to raise additional funding is not certain, and additional funds will be required in order to pursue the Company's current business plans. An inability to raise additional funds would adversely impact the future assessment of the Company as a going concern.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting policies used in the period, and changes anticipated in future periods, are as set out in the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Note 4), with the adoption of updated policies to comply with evolving International Financial Reporting Standards, which are described below.

The IASB has issued a number of amendments to standards and interpretations, and one new standard, which were not yet effective in 2020, and have not been applied in preparing the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. It is anticipated that these amendments and the one new standard will have no impact on the Company's financial statements when they are adopted in future years.

The IASB has also issued several new amendments to standards and interpretations which are effective January 1, 2020 and were first adopted by the Company in the three-month period ended September 30, 2020. None of the new amendments effective January 1, 2020 have an impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. It is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest risk arising from the financial instruments. The Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to the receivables balances, however, most receivables are in relation to sales tax due from the Canadian government. Credit risk is managed for receivables by seeking prompt payment, monitoring the age of receivables, and making follow up inquiries when receivables are not paid in a timely manner. The Company does not engage in any hedging activities. Financial instruments do not generally expose the Company to risk that is significant enough to warrant reducing via purchasing specific insurance or offsetting financial instruments.

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RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management compensation

Key management personnel at the Company are the directors and officers of the Company. The remuneration of key management personnel during the periods is as follows:

	Period ended		Period ended
	September 30,		September 30,
	2020		2019
Director remuneration ¹	\$ 35,979	\$	39,000
Officer remuneration ¹	\$ 124,497	\$	176,176
Share-based payments	\$ 192,596	\$	56,573

1. Remuneration consists exclusively of salaries, bonuses, health benefits if applicable and consulting fees for key management personnel.

Fluctuations in officer remuneration was due to a reduction in CFO and other related services during the year.

Share based payments expense fluctuates based on timing of vesting of grants, number of options granted, volatility at time of grant and other factors impacting the Black-Scholes calculation.

Other than the amounts disclosed above, there were no short-term employee benefits or share-based payments granted to key management personnel during the periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

In accordance with Item 1.9 of Part 2 of Form 51-102.F1 the Company has no ongoing contractual commitments with related parties, apart from those established under the employee-employer or service-provider relationship, and the mineral property option agreement with Magnus, further described in Notes 4(a) and 4(c) of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2020. Amounts are recorded at the exchange amount agreed between the parties.

Magnus and Anacott Resources Corp. ("Anacott") are each considered related parties to FireFox by virtue of having an officer in common with FireFox. FireFox has contracted with Magnus to provide mineral exploration services, and with Anacott to provide CFO and administrative services.

During the period ended September 30, 2020, Magnus provided mineral exploration services valued at \$390,579 (period ended September 30, 2019 - \$632,005), Carl Löfberg provided management services valued at \$74,197 (period ended September 30, 2019 - 66,056), Highsmith Consulting provided consulting services valued at \$35,979 (period ended September 30, 2019 - \$39,000), and Anacott provided accounting and corporate secretarial services valued at \$47,857 (period ended September 30, 2019 - \$22,645).

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

At September 30, 2020 \$8,590 (December 31, 2019 - \$28,487) remained owing to Anacott in relation to accounting and corporate secretarial services provided, \$152,668 (December 31, 2019 - \$94,335) was owed to Magnus for exploration services, and \$Nil (December 31, 2019 - \$6,000) was owed to Highsmith Consulting for consulting fees, shown as personnel costs on the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

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RISK FACTORS AND MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Risk Factors - General

Early-stage entities face a variety of risks and, while unable to eliminate all of them, the Company aims to manage and reduce such risks as much as possible.

Exploring for minerals is a highly technical and complicated process. As FireFox is a new Company, it has not built a large technical team. The Company has entrusted and is reliant upon the experienced and dedicated team at Magnus to conduct the exploration programs on behalf of FireFox.

The risks that management considers most important in the context of the Company's business are listed in this section. They are not listed in order of importance, nor are they inclusive of all the risks to which the Company may be subject. Sources of risk to the Company and its businesses include: reliance on key personnel; substantial capital requirements, exploration and development uncertainties, property commitments, operational risks associated with mineral exploration and development, environmental risks, commodity price fluctuations, economic and financial market instability, governmental regulation and policy, changes to government laws and regulations, risk related to the cyclical nature of the mining business, risk of title defects in mineral properties, lack of revenue and negative cash flow, legal and litigation risk, insurance risk, currency risk, conflicts of interest, time and cost estimates, consumables availability and costs, mineral resource uncertainties, and taxation.

The following risk factors should be given special consideration when evaluating an investment in any of the Company's securities:

- a) the Company has had no profitable business activity since its incorporation;
- b) the Company does not have a history of earnings, nor has it paid any dividends and will not generate earnings or pay dividends in the foreseeable future;
- c) the Company has only limited funds with which to continue its exploration and development opportunities and there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in discovering economically recoverable minerals;
- d) the exploration and development opportunities being pursued may be financed in all or part by the issuance of additional securities by the Company and this may result in further dilution to the investor, which dilution may be significant and which may also result in a change of control of the Company;
- e) there can be no assurance that an active and liquid market for the common shares will develop and an investor may find it difficult to resell its common shares; and
- f) if the Company fails to progress its exploration and development opportunities, an interim cease trade order may be issued against the Company's securities by an applicable securities commission.

COVID - 19

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, China. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak to constitute a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern." The spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses have been forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in significant unemployment and an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening of certain sectors. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. To date, the Company's operations have not been materially negatively affected by these events. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration of the impact, the severity of the consequences, nor the impact, if any, on the financial position and results of the Company for future periods.

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OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

OUTSTANDING COMMON SHARES DATA

The following section updates the outstanding share data provided in the audited financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2020.

Common shares:

Common shares outstanding at September 30, 2020	68,937,231
Common shares issued – warrant exercise on October 16, 2020	58,000
Common shares issued on October 28, 2020	11,908,300
Common shares outstanding at November 30, 2020	80,905,531

Stock options:

Stock options outstanding at September 30, 2020	6,185,000
Stock options expired	<u>(400,000</u>)
Stock options outstanding at November 30, 2020	5,785,000

Warrants:

Warrants outstanding at September 30, 2020	30,996,283
Warrants exercised on October 16, 2020	(58,000)
Warrants issued on October 28, 2020	<u>6,328,569</u>
Warrants outstanding at November 30, 2020	37,266,852